# The classification of galaxies in Hercules Galaxy Cluster and Abell3558 <br> Worrapon Panpang <br> Pua school, Pua district, Nan province Thailand. <br> Email: fairytail_mew@hotmail.com <br> 28 June 2556-30 October 2556. 


#### Abstract

This is research is the study of the classification of galaxies according to Hubble's Classification. We take images of galaxies in Hercules galaxy cluster and Abell3558 and classify galaxies into different types using Hubble sequence and galaxy classifications scheme.


## Introduction

In general, galaxies are formed into clusters or groups. Galaxy clusters have large structures that are composed of a number of clusters. These clusters are called super clusters.

The Hercules galaxy cluster is a cluster near the Milky Way. The distance between the Milky Way galaxy and the Hercules galaxy cluster is approximately 500 million light years. It is composed of about 200 galaxies including 18 bright galaxies.

The A3558 galaxy cluster is located in the Shapely super cluster. The aim of this research is to classify the 18 bright galaxies in Hercules and the galaxies in the center of A3558 according to Hubble's classification system.

## Materials and Methods

In this research, I acquired images from a PROMPT2 telescope. I used a Lum filter and exposed the image for 45 seconds. Then I compared the galaxies' images with the Hubble diagram in order to classify them according to type. Spiral galaxies, Barred galaxies and elliptical galaxies were found in this study.

Find the ellipticity of galaxies by FWHM (Full width at half maximum) technique by set the contour line round the area that the value is half of the max value of the galaxy. Use ellipse tool to find major axis and minor axis of galaxy for Hubble's classification in this formula:

$$
e=100(1-b / a)
$$

e = ellipticity of galaxy
$\mathrm{b}=$ semi-minor axis
$\mathrm{a}=$ semi-major axis
The result of Hubble's classification shows as the numbers from 0-7 the number represented the ellipticity of galaxy from less ellipticity to the most elliptical. This formula was created by Edwin Hubble, an American astronomer.

Result and Discussion
Study Table 1 shows the types of galaxies. Name of galaxies Hercules galaxy cluster.

| Types of galaxies | List of galaxies | Ellipticity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E2 | N6047 | 2.87 |
| S0 | IC1182 |  |
|  | N6044 |  |
| Spiral | IC1194 |  |
|  | IC1178 |  |
| Barred Spiral | IC1181 |  |
|  | IC1193 |  |
|  | N6054 |  |
|  | IC1185 |  |
|  | IC1183 |  |
|  | N6050 |  |
|  | N6040 |  |
|  | N6056 |  |
|  | IC1192 |  |

Table 2 shows the types of galaxies. Name of galaxies Galaxy cluster A3558

| Types of galaxies | List of galaxies | Ellipticity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E0 | PGC47197 | 0.42 |
|  | PGC47173 | 0.82 |
| E1 | PGC47273 | 1.96 |
| E3 | PGC88857 | 3.35 |
| E4 | PGC47322 | 4.89 |
| S0 | PGC47355 |  |
| Spiral | PGC47177 |  |

## Conclusion

The classification of galaxies found that the galaxies observed in Hercules galaxy cluster are mostly spiral and barred spiral galaxies, while most galaxies found in the center of galaxy cluster A3558 are mostly elliptical, ranging from E0-E4.

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