X17a A Jansky VLA 4-8 GHz Deep Survey in the SXDS

Wiphu Rujopakarn, Steward Observatory, University of Arizona

We present early results from our pencil-beam sub- μ Jy 4 – 8 GHz continuum survey of star-forming galaxies at 0 < z < 2 with 0.3" resolution using the Jansky VLA. The survey covers a 35 arcmin. sq. region in the SXDS that is covered by CANDELS and 3D-HST. Our goal is to measure the distribution of star formation (SF) for \sim 100 star-forming galaxies in an extinction-free manner, and compare the spatially-resolved distribution of SF with that of the old stellar population probed by rest-frame optical observations. The final sample from our program will allow us to (1) determine how the relative proportions of core- and disk-dominated star formation evolve out to $z \sim 2$; (2) constrain the fraction and study the effects of major mergers and in-situ SF in driving SF and assembling galaxies; and (3) provide spatially-resolved star formation rate observations that can be combined with future ALMA/Jansky VLA CO observations to study the spatially-resolved SF law at high-z.